UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCYEP 30 PM 4:05 REGION IX

75 HAWTHORNE STREET U.S. ERROEGIOLIK SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105 REGIONAL REARING CLERK

IN THE MATTER OF

Lubricating Specialties Company

Respondent

Docket No. EPCRA-09-2009-00/6

CIVIL COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING UNDER SECTION 325(c)OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

APPLICABLE STATUTORY AND REGULATORY SECTIONS

This is a civil administrative action ("Complaint") instituted pursuant to Section 325(c) of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11001 et seq., also known as the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 ("EPCRA"), for violation of Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11023, and the federal regulations promulgated to implement Section 313 at 40 C.F.R. Part 372. The Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") has delegated the authority to file this action under EPCRA to the Regional Administrator, Region IX, by EPA Delegation Order Number 22-3-A, dated May 11, 1994. The Regional Administrator, Region IX, has further delegated the authority to file this action under EPCRA to the Director of the Communities and Ecosystems Division by EPA Regional Order Number R1260.14B, dated May 19, 2005.

Complainant is the Director of the Communities and Ecosystems Division in EPA, Region IX, who has been duly delegated the authority to bring this action. Respondent is Lubricating Specialties Company. This administrative action alleges that Respondent has

violated Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11023, and the federal regulations promulgated to implement Section 313 at 40 C.F.R. Part 372.

A. **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 1. Pursuant to Sections 313 and 328 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 11023 and 11048, EPA promulgated the Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: Community Right-To-Know Rule at 40 C.F.R. Part 372.
- 2. Sections 313(a) and (b) of EPCRA, as implemented by 40 C.F.R. §§ 372.22 and 372.30, provide that an owner or operator of a facility that meets the criteria set forth in EPCRA Section 313(b) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.22, is required to submit annually to the Administrator of EPA and to the State in which the facility is located, no later than July 1st of each year, a toxic chemical release inventory reporting form (hereinafter "Form R") for each toxic chemical listed under 40 C.F.R. § 372.65 that was manufactured, processed or otherwise used at the facility during the preceding calendar year in quantities exceeding the thresholds established under EPCRA Section 313(f) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.25.
- Section 313(b) of EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.22 provide that the requirements of Section 313(a) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.30 apply to an owner and operator of a facility that has 10 or more full-time employees; that is in a Standard Industrial Classification major group codes 10 (except 1011, 1081, 1094), 12 (except 1241), 20 through 39; industry codes 4911, 4931, or 4939 (limited to facilities regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, subtitle C, 42 U.S.C. § 6921 *et seq.*), or 5169, 5171, or 7389 (limited to facilities primarily engaged in solvent recovery services on a contract or fee basis); and that manufactures, processes, or otherwise uses one or more toxic chemicals listed under Section 313(c) of

 EPCRA and 40 C.F.R. § 372.65 in quantities in excess of the applicable thresholds established under EPCRA Section 313(f) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.25.

- 4. The applicable threshold for reporting established under EPCRA Section 313(f) and 40 C.F.R. § 372.25 is 25,000 pounds of a regulated toxic chemical processed for the year.
- 5. Under 40 C.F.R. § 372.3, the term "process" means "the preparation of a toxic chemical, after its manufacture, for distribution into commerce."

B. <u>SPECIFIC ALLEGATIONS</u>

- 6. Respondent is a California registered corporation.
- 7. Respondent owns, operates and is wholly responsible for two places of business with addresses at (1) 3365 East Slauson Avenue, Vernon, California (the "Vernon Facility") and (2) 8015 Paramount Blvd, Pico Rivera, California (the "Pico Rivera Facility").
- 8. Respondent is a "person" as that term is defined by Section 329(7) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(7) since it is a corporation.
- 9. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Respondent was an owner and operator of a "facility," as that term is defined by Section 329(4) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11049(4), and 40 C.F.R. § 372.3.
- 10. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Vernon Facility had 10 or more "full-time employees," as that term is defined at 40 C.F.R. § 372.3.
- 11. The Vernon Facility processes zinc compounds to produce lubricants and greases for distribution into commerce.
- 12. The Vernon Facility is classified in Standard Industrial Classification code 2992, which falls within Standard Industrial Classification major group code 29.

- 13. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the Pico Rivera Facility had 10 or more "full-time employees," as that term is defined at 40 C.F.R. § 372.3.
- 14. The Pico Rivera Facility processes zinc compounds to produce lubricants and greases for distribution into commerce.
- 15. The Pico Rivera Facility is classified in Standard Industrial Classification code 2992, which falls within Standard Industrial Classification major group code 29.
- 16. Zinc compounds is a chemical listed under 40 C.F.R. § 372.65, EPA Chemical Category No. N982.

Counts 1-3

- 17. Paragraphs 1 through 16 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 18. During calendar year 2005, the Vernon Facility processed approximately 41,708 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 19. During calendar year 2006, the Vernon Facility processed approximately 92,487 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 20. During calendar year 2007, the Vernon Facility processed approximately 140,168 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 21. The quantity of zinc compounds that Respondent processed at the Vernon Facility during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 exceeded the established threshold of 25,000 pounds set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 372.25(b).
- 22. Respondent was required to submit a Form R for zinc compounds processed during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 at the Vernon Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July 1st, 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively.

- 23. Respondent failed to submit a Form R for zinc compounds processed during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 at the Vernon Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July ^{1st}, 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively.
- 24. Respondent's failure to submit a timely Form R for zinc compounds that Respondent processed at the Vernon Facility during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 constitutes three violations of Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11023, and 40 C.F.R. Part 372.

Counts 4-6

- 25. Paragraphs 1 through 16 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 26. During calendar year 2005, the Pico Rivera Facility processed approximately 962,595 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 27. During calendar year 2006, the Pico Rivera Facility processed approximately 838,556 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 28. During calendar year 2007, the Pico Rivera Facility processed approximately 477,170 pounds of zinc compounds.
- 29. The quantity of zinc compounds that Respondent processed at the Pico Rivera Facility during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 exceeded the established threshold of 25,000 pounds set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 372.25(b).
- 30. Respondent was required to submit a Form R for zinc compounds processed during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 at the Pico Rivera Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July 1st, 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively.
- 31. Respondent failed to submit a Form R for zinc compounds processed during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 at the Pico Rivera Facility to the EPA Administrator and to the State of California on or before July 1st, 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively.

 32. Respondent's failure to submit a timely Form R for zinc compounds that Respondent processed at the Pico Rivera Facility during calendar years 2005, 2006 and 2007 constitutes three violations of Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11023, and 40 C.F.R. Part 372.

PROPOSED CIVIL PENALTY

Section 325(c) of EPCRA authorizes the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") to assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 11045(c). That statutory maximum civil penalty has subsequently been raised to \$32,500 for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA that occurred after March 15, 2004, but on or before January 12, 2009, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, Pub. L. 101-410, as amended, and its implementing regulation, the Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rule, codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19.

Based upon the facts alleged in this Complaint, Complainant requests that the Administrator assess against the Respondent a civil administrative penalty of up to \$32,500 for each violation of Section 313 of EPCRA.

NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST A HEARING

You have the right to request a formal hearing to contest any material fact set forth in this Complaint or to contest the appropriateness of the proposed penalty. Any hearing requested will be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. § 551 et seq., and the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation/Termination or Suspension of Permits ("Consolidated Rules of Practice"), 40 C.F.R. Part 22. A copy of the Consolidated Rules of Practice is enclosed with this Complaint.

You must file a written Answer within thirty (30) days of receiving this Complaint to avoid being found in default, which constitutes an admission of all facts alleged in the

 Complaint and a waiver of the right to a hearing, and to avoid having the above penalty

assessed without further proceedings. If you choose to file an Answer, you are required by the Consolidated Rules of Practice to clearly and directly admit, deny, or explain each of the factual allegations contained in this Complaint to which you have any knowledge. If you have no knowledge of a particular fact and so state, the allegation is considered denied. Failure to deny

any of the allegations in this Complaint will constitute an admission of the underied allegation.

The Answer shall also state the circumstances and arguments, if any, which are alleged to constitute the grounds of defense, and shall specifically request an administrative hearing, if desired. If you deny any material fact or raise any affirmative defense, you will be considered to have requested a hearing.

The Answer must be filed with:

Regional Hearing clerk USEPA, Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

In addition, please send a copy of the Answer and all other documents filed in this action to:

Ivan Lieben
Assistant Regional Counsel
Office of Regional Counsel (ORC-2)
USEPA, Region IX
75 Hawthorne Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

Mr. Lieben is the attorney assigned to represent EPA in this matter. His telephone number is (415) 972-3914.

You are further informed that the Consolidated Rules of Practice prohibit any <u>ex parte</u> (unilateral) discussion of the merits of any action with the Regional Administrator, Regional

Judicial Officer, Administrative Law Judge, or person likely to advise these officials in the decision of the case, after the Complaint is issued.

INFORMAL SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

EPA encourages all parties against whom a civil penalty is proposed to pursue the possibility of settlement through informal conferences. Therefore, whether or not you request a hearing, you may confer informally with EPA through Mr. Lieben, the EPA attorney assigned to the case, regarding the facts of this case, the amount of the proposed penalty, and the possibility of settlement. An informal settlement conference does not, however, affect your obligation to file an Answer to this Complaint.

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The parties also may engage in any process within the scope of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act, 5 U.S.C. § 581 et seq., which may facilitate voluntary settlement efforts. Dispute resolution using alternative means of dispute resolution does not divest the Presiding Officer of jurisdiction nor does it automatically stay the preceding.

CONSENT AGREEMENT AND FINAL ORDER

EPA has the authority, where appropriate, to modify the amount of the proposed penalty to reflect any settlement reached with you in an informal conference or through alternative dispute resolution. The terms of such an agreement would be embodied in a Consent Agreement and Final Order. A Consent Agreement signed by the parties would be binding as to all terms and conditions specified therein for the parties signing the Consent Agreement when the Regional Judicial Officer signs the Final Order.

DATE:

ENRIQUE MANZANILLA

Director

SEP 2 9 2009

Communities and Ecosystems Division
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that the original and foregoing Complaint and Notice of Opportunity for Hearing, Docket Number EPCRA-09-2009-0016, was filed today with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U.S. EPA, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105, and that a true and correct copy of:

- (1) the Complaint;
- (2) the Consolidated Rules of Practice, 40 C.F.R. Part 22; and
- (3) the Enforcement Response Policy for Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (1986) and Section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act (1990) (amended), dated April 12, 2001

were placed in the United States Mail, certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the following:

Stephen J. Miller Vice President, Manufacturing Lubricating Specialties Company 8015 Paramount Blvd. Pico Rivera, California 90660

Certified Return Receipt Article No: 7003 31 10 0006 2000 7239

Dated: (SEP 3 0 2009

Russ Frazer

TRI Program Enforcement Officer, Toxics Office

Communities and Ecosystems Division

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region IX